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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/567,303	02/06/2006	Chandrika Varadachari	SMC-PT003	4894
3624 VOLPE AND I	7590 05/04/200 <b>KOENIG. P.C.</b>	EXAMINER		
UNITED PLAZ	ZA, SUITE 1600		LANGEL, WAYNE A	
30 SOUTH 17TH STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/04/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applican	t(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/567,303	VARADA	VARADACHARI, CHANDRIKA			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Wayne Langel	1793				
 Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	pears on the cover sh	eet with the correspond	lence address			
WHICH - Extens after S - If NO p - Failure Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING DISTRICT OF THE MAILING DEPOY OF THE MAI	ATE OF THIS COMI 36(a). In no event, however, will apply and will expire SIX e, cause the application to bed	MUNICATION. may a reply be timely filed 6) MONTHS from the mailing da come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.	ate of this communication. § 133).			
Status							
1)   [	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>10 M</u>	larch 2009					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		action is non-final.					
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-	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
`	siood in accordance with the practice under t	ex parto Quayro, 100	0 0.0. 11, 100 0.0. 21				
Dispositio	on of Claims						
4)🛛 (	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) (	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🛛 (	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) 🗌 (	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) 🔲 (	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/c	r election requireme	nt.				
Applicatio	on Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	ar .					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
=	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· ·	-	85(a)			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		-				
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	·					
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119	tarriror. Note the di	action of the first of	101111 10 102.			
	•		2.0.0.140(.)(1)(5)				
•	2) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
/-	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
•	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
* 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(	(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons et al, for the reasons given in the last Office Action. Applicant's argument, that the essential elements in the process of Lyons et al, namely the ammoniating and condensing agent, are absent in the present invention, is not convincing, since applicant's claims do not exclude the ammoniating and condensing agents of Lyons et al. Applicant's argument, that in Lyons et al, a potassium-containing material is another integral component of the reaction mixture, is not convincing, since the process recited in applicant's claims may also employ potassium oxide or carbonate as a reactant. Applicant's argument, that in the claimed process, the first stage of reaction produces a liquid polyphosphate, which is a fundamental and major difference between the claimed process and the process of Lyons et al, is not convincing. Lyons et al disclose at col. 4, lines 64-68 that reaction times of as low as one hour at temperatures of about 210 to 240 C are preferred. The polyphosphate product would inherently be in liquid form in the process of Lyons et al when formed under reaction conditions including a reaction temperature of 210 to 240 C and reaction time of 1 to 2 hours. Moreover, Lyons et al disclose at col. 4, lines 49-53 that the times and temperature of heat treating required will depend upon, inter alia, the degree of polymerization desired. Accordingly it is clear that Lyons et al contemplate low degrees of polymerization which would inherently

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result in a liquid product. Applicant's argument, that in applicant's process the liquid polyphosphate is then neutralized with a base and subsequently ried to obtain a solid, is not convincing, since Lyons et al teach at col. 4, lines 57-61 that it may be advantageous at times to heat treat the reaction product of the combined ammoniating and condensing agent short of essentially complete conversion to ammonium polyphosphate and then add the potassium. The product would inherently be in liquid form before the potassium is added in such scenario.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cox, for the reasons given in the last Office Action. Applicant's arguments are not convincing, since applicant's arguments as to why the process recited in claims 1-14 and 16-20 would distinguish over Cox would not provide a sufficient rationale to justify a conclusion that the product recited in claim 15 would be distinguishable from the product of Cox.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession

of the claimed invention. Thewre is no "description support" in the original specification for "DPTA".

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Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 15, it is indefinite as to what the formula for the fertilizer would be, since the claim recites that the magnesium and ammonium are replaced, so it is not clear as to whether any magnesium or ammonium are required to be present. In claim 9, it is indefinite as to what would constitute "DPTA". In claim 1, it is indefinite as to whether the basic compound is required to be an oxide or carbonate of all the elements of Mg, Ca, Na and K, or whether the claim embraces the use of an oxide or carbonate of just one element selected from the group consisting of Mg, Ca, Na and K. Also i9n claim 1, it is indefinite as to whether the limitation recited in lines 8-11 is a positive limitation, since it is in a "thereby" clause.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wayne Langel whose telephone number is 571-272-1353. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8 am - 3:30 pm Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley Silverman can be reached on 571-272-1358. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Wayne Langel/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1793 Application/Control Number: 10/567,303 Page 6

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